

STATE OF NEVADA BOARD OF EXAMINERS FOR SOCIAL WORKERS (BESW) 4600 Kietzke Lane, Suite C121, Reno, Nevada 89502 775-688-2555

PUBLIC NOTICE OF BOARD MEETING

Friday, July 10, 2020 9:00 AM

To maintain government transparency & protect public safety, Governor Steve Sisolak signed an emergency directive related to the suspension of the requirement that there must be a physical location designated for meetings of a public body where members of the public are permitted to attend and participate in-person. BESW, pursuant to this Executive Order, has found an alternative via teleconference for the public to participate without having to be physically present. Supporting materials are available electronically at the BESW website: http://socwork.nv.gov/board/Mtgs/

Some members of the Board may be attending the meeting and other persons may listen to the meeting and provide testimony, through a simultaneous telephonic conference call that will be conducted utilizing Zoom.

Please Join the Board of Examiners for Social Workers Zoom Meeting: https://us02web.zoom.us/j/89189915375?pwd=eUdDUzdWZmxraW9mcThpSTVsYXdUZz09

Meeting ID: 891 8991 5375 Password: 681795

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To learn more about 'Joining a Meeting' using ZOOM, please view a brief YouTube: <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=hlkCmbvAHQQ#action=share</u>.

Please Note: The Board of Examiners for Social Workers may address agenda items out of sequence, combine the agenda items, pull or remove the agenda items, in order to aid the efficiency or effectiveness of the meeting or to accommodate persons appearing before the Board. The Board may continue agenda items to the next meeting as needed. (NRS 241.020)

Public comment is welcomed by the Board and will be heard at the beginning of the Board meeting following the Call to Order and Roll and at the end of the agenda prior to the adjournment of the Board meeting. Public comment may be limited to three (3) minutes per person. The Board meeting Chair may allow additional time to be given a speaker as time allows and at his/ her sole discretion. Once all items on the agenda are completed the meeting will adjourn. Prior to the commencement and conclusion of a contested case or a quasi-judicial proceeding that may affect the due process rights of an individual, the Board may refuse to consider public comment. See NRS 233B.126.

AGENDA

1. Call to Order and Roll.

2. Public Comment.

Note: No vote may be taken upon a matter raised under this item of the agenda until the matter itself has been specifically included on an agenda as an item upon which action may be taken. (NRS 241.020). Public comment may be limited to three (3) minutes.

3. Board Operations:

- A. Review and Discussion of Board Meeting Minutes for May 8, 2020. (For Possible Action).
- B. Review and Discussion of Financials through May 31, 2020. (For Possible Action).
- C. Review and Discussion of Continuity Planning for 2020-2021 Budget. (For Possible Action).
 - i. Brief Review of Approved Budget for FY 2020-2021.
 - a) Includes 14% Reductions Based on Governor's Guidelines for General Fund Agencies e.g. Curtailed Expenditures, Freeze on Pay Increases, Hiring Freeze;
 - b) Deferred Implementation of Applications and Disciplinary Software Modules;
 - c) Includes Contract for New Five Year Lease; and
 - d) Continues to Build BESW Reserves.
 - ii. Adjustments to Approved Budget Due to Changes Since May Board Meeting:
 - a) Handout re: Annual Funding and One Time Costs for Data Migration to a Different Infrastructure/ Network;
 - b) Potential 90 Day Contract with Lobbyist/ Consultant:
 - 1. Sacrificed 2021 Legislative Session Plans, Did Not Extend Contract;
 - 2. Reconsideration for Assistance;
 - c) If Directed by State, Implement Further Spending Cuts e.g. Furloughs; and
 - d) Consideration of Funding for COVID19 UNK Line Item.
- D. Review and Discussion re: Nomination of Board Officers. (For Possible Action).
- E. Review and Discussion re: Selection of Board Member Designee to Represent Board During Interim Session, 2021 Legislative Session, Related Meetings. (For Possible Action).
- F. Increased Use of Telehealth Presentation by Sandra Lowery. (For Discussion Only).
- G. Executive Director's (ED) Report (For Discussion Only).
 - May 26th ED Attended an Occupational Roundtable Hosted by the Governor's Office of Workforce Innovation in Collaboration with the American Institute of Research; Identifying Barriers and Challenges Faced by Potential Licensees; Discussion On the Processes for Determining Licensing Requirements and Policies;

- ii. June 2nd NASW NV Town Hall with President Tom Durante, Assemblywoman Teresa Benitez-Thompson and BESW ED; Primarily to Discuss State of Nevada Budget Shortfall;
- iii. June 23rd Sunset Committee -- Business and Industry Presentation re: Boards and Commissions Occupational and Professional Licensing Boards Governance;
- iv. June 30th Sunset Committee Presentation of the Responses to the Subcommittee's Special Survey of Certain Regulatory Bodies Related to their Operations;
- v. Handout: Two June 2020 Wall Street Journal Articles Re: Social Workers and Law Enforcement;
- vi. Handout: Updated BESW "Safe and Healthy Workplace Policy" Phase Two;
- vii. Strategic Plan Goal 4B "BESW Will Clear 75% of Backlogged Disciplinary Cases Prior to January 1 2018 by December 31 2019"; Actual Results: 76% Cases were Cleared by June 30 2020;
- viii. Expensed Items Related to Nevada's Reopening Plan:
 - a) Plexiglas Sneeze Guards: \$1946.65
 - b) Rewiring/ Move of Copier for Social Distancing: \$768.60
 - c) Handout: Xerox Master Service Agreement
 - d) Other: \$222.79;
- ix. Future Agenda Items/ Ideas; and
- x. Next Board Meeting September 11, 2020.

4. Public Comment.

Note: No vote may be taken upon a matter raised under this item of the agenda until the matter itself has been specifically included on an agenda as an item upon which action may be taken. (NRS 241.020). Public comment will be limited to three (3) minutes.

5. Adjournment.

Please contact Karen Oppenlander, LISW at (775) 688-2555 for information regarding the meeting. Supporting materials can be accessed electronically at the BESW website: <u>http://socwork.nv.gov/board/Mtgs//</u>.

The Board may convene in closed session to consider the character, alleged misconduct, professional competence or physical or mental health of a person. (NRS 241.030)

This notice has been posted at the office of the Board of Examiners for Social Workers; the Board's Web Site <u>www.socwork.nv.gov</u>; and the State of Nevada's Public Notice Website <u>http://notice.nv.gov</u>.





State of Nevada Board of Examiners for Social Workers

4600 Kietzke Lane, #C-121, Reno, NV 89502 (775) 688-2555

Board Meeting Minutes Friday, May 8, 2020 9:00 AM

Erickson referred to **Agenda Item 1, Call to Order and Roll.** She initiated the Board of Examiners for Social Workers meeting via teleconference using a Zoom platform at 9:06 a.m. In attendance: Vikki **Erickson**, Board President; Monique **Harris**, Vice President; Susan **Nielsen**, Public Member and Secretary/ Treasurer; Stefaine **Maplethorpe**, Board Member; Sandy **Lowery**, Deputy Director; Miranda **Hoover**, Capital Partners; Asheesh **Bhalla**, Board Counsel; and Karen **Oppenlander**, Executive Director.

Following, **Erickson** moved to **Agenda Item 2, Public Comment**. She noted that there was no public comment and moved forward to **Board Operations Agenda Item 3A**, **Review and Discussion of Board Meeting Minutes for March, 13, 2020. Erickson** asked for a motion.

Stefaine Maplethorpe made a motion to approve the Board meeting minutes for March 13, 2020, motion seconded by Susan Nielsen. During a roll call vote the motion was approved by Erickson, Nielsen, and Maplethorpe. Harris was absent at March meeting and abstained from voting. The motion passed.

Next, Erickson moved to Agenda Item 3B, Review and Discussion of Current Process for Licensing in Compliance with Governor's 2020 Directives. Oppenlander talked about several Emergency Directives from Governor Sisolak that had been received and focused on Directive 11 that has taken priority over specific sections of 641B during the pandemic. She commended Lowery and Bhalla for quickly getting together with her to overlay the Governor's directives with 641B with intent to get additional social workers into the work place immediately to handle the pandemic emergency. Within three working days of Directive 11, the Board had 90 new licensees in Nevada that were able to go to work.

Lowery added that once we were able to put the pieces in place and figured out all the moving parts, we were able to get 90 individuals that had open applications and moved them through to get a Provisional License which will be good until September 27th, 2020. This date was based on timeframes dictated by Emergency Directive 11.

Additionally, another piece that that Emergency Directive 11 did was to give the Board authority for Nevada to accept those with behavioral health services experience from individuals not licensed in our state. We created a waiver document and put this into effect with 19 new individuals, all LCSWs that were seeking the opportunity to provide care to Nevadans during the pandemic. These individuals have come from other states e.g. New York, Ohio, California, and Washington i.e. they have been given waiver permission to provide treatment to individuals in Nevada until the end of the Emergency Declaration.

Both **Oppenlander** and **Lowery** went on to discuss the small risk perceived in these processes. Each of the first 90 applications were missing from one to three items: transcripts that hadn't arrived yet; the background checks from the Department of Public Safety; and/ or the receipt of the score from a successfully completed ASWB exam. ASWB has taken a position on temporary licensure and has asked local jurisdictions to use ASWB's advisory to inform policy makers about the implications of implementing a temporary licensure category. Nevada and other states have implemented a temporary license as a way to increase essential workforce capacity during the COVID-19 pandemic by allowing license applicants to begin working before they pass the licensing exam and, possibly, background checks. Despite the good intentions driving this impulse to get care to those in need, ASWB believes a decision to enact such measures is shortsighted and sets a precedent that potentially puts the public at risk and will be difficult to correct after the crisis has passed. While ASWB has recognized that Boards have enacted temporary licensure measures in response to executive orders, they state that: temporary licensure is contrary to the public protection mission of ASWB and its member Boards; granting a temporary license as defined allows a person so licensed to work with vulnerable populations without first demonstrating competence; passing the licensing exam is an essential component of the application process as an indicator of entry-level competence to practice. As problems may arise if an individual continues to practice after the emergency declaration is lifted, the removal of a license by the state must therefore be governed by due process.

Bhalla added that he wouldn't want to speculate too much on future disciplinary matters. We are in an emergency situation. So, in light of the Governor's Directive and the context and the need, steps that were taken by Director **Oppenlander**, Deputy Director **Lowery** and myself were appropriate to allow additional capacity into the system. And if there are any issues that come up in the future, we will be addressing them at the appropriate time and place.

Erickson moved to **Agenda Item 3C, Review and Discussion of Third Quarter Financials through March 31, 2020. Oppenlander** reviewed the organization's financial picture at the end of the third quarter of the fiscal year – 75% of the year. It shows that BESW is doing well. We're at 76% of income and at 72% of budgeted expenditures. **Lowery** highlighted several items: We are \$18,000 ahead of budget in terms of our net position, which gives us an adjusted net position of \$110,000 at the end of March. This is largely a reflection of fee increases. **Oppenlander** asked everyone to keep the \$18K number in mind for a conversation later in the agenda. When **Lowery** prepared the budget for this year, we thought we might be able to have fee increases begin in April, however we had fee increases begin earlier (in February) with everyone's help during the NAC process. **Erickson** asked for a motion.

Motion to approve the third quarter financials through March 31, 2020 was made by Stefaine Maplethorpe, seconded by Monique Harris. After a roll call vote the motion was passed unanimously.

Erickson moved forward to **Agenda Item 3D**, **Review and Discussion of Continuity Planning for 2020-2021 Budget.** First, **Oppenlander** briefly reviewed an item from the Board's March, 2020 budget discussion. At that time, the Board had discussed a budget based on a 10% reduction because of the crisis that was developing with the coronavirus. At that Board meeting, the Director told the Board that staff intended to present a customary 2020-2021 budget in May 2020 for approval.

However, the budget presentation is more complicated. The first column in light blue would be the "customary budget" if the pandemic emergency were not a factor. **Oppenlander** discussed the Governor's guidelines for general fund state agencies that include 4% cuts by June 30 2020; and additional 4%, 6%, and 4% cuts through June 30 2021 for a total 18% cut for the biennium. The BESW budget (columns three, four, and five) considers similar reductions. She explained that as a "Title 54" fee-funded Board, we aren't under the same guidelines as a state agency that receives funding from the general fund; however, staff applied the same principles to the BESW budget as though we were obligated to follow the Governor's guidelines. To accomplish this, BESW would have to institute a hiring freeze, curtail spending and depending on how deep the cuts would ultimately need to be, would need to make additional reductions spending and in work hours.

Oppenlander recommended that for the budget year beginning July 1, 2020 that the Board choose to approve the column highlighted in light yellow which represents a total of 14% cuts from the customary budget. She added that if we were a state agency that uses general funds, we would also be making cuts in the current quarter (ending June 30 2020) in the amount of \$18,000 or 4 percent of our current budget. The reality is that we made \$18,000 more in income than projected because we were able to start fee increases earlier than projected. Her budget recommendation is based on a belief that we would gather all the cash that we can.

Furthermore, staff put together a budget that would consider an additional 10% reduction if more aggressive cutting becomes necessary. However, this more "extreme" budget is not included in today's presentation. In this budget recommendation, for each column (4% cut, additional 6% cut (for total of 10%), and additional 4% cut (for a total of 14%), you can scroll to the bottom to see how we would manage to accomplish these cuts. In the customary budget, we'd have a hiring freeze, use a lobbyist for the session, we'd add our application software, and give raises to staff, increase the number of investigators so that we could clear the disciplinary backlog, and hire a part-time office administrative assistant.

With a 4% budget cut, we would not bring a Bill to the 2021 session to add the LMSW category to 641B; however we would add software modules. In the 10% budget cut column, there would also be no raises and no software. In the 14% cut column, which is the one I recommend, there is a hiring freeze, no legislation introduced, no lobbyist, no software modules, no raises, no reduction in work hours. And, because we wouldn't be traveling because of the coronavirus crisis, we'll also reflect a reduction in our ability to bring in statewide training income.

In July, if we need to bring you a different budget with additional reductions, then we would start making personnel cuts. It would be a matter of cutting hours to make ends meet. We'd cut hours for our investigators and for the executive director and deputy director positions. Essentially, we will start to gather cash and begin to build reserves that we currently don't have. Lowery added a comparison of a 14% reduction for the 2020-2021 income to what we anticipated for 2019-2020 income, we still bring in more income than the prior year. This is because of the fee increases.

Erickson asked a question about reversing the budget reductions if the situation improved. **Oppenlander** answered, "Certainly" and went on to say that if during the regularly scheduled Board meeting on July 10, we might adjust the budget

either way as we may know more about the state's overall fiscal outlook, more about how the "reopening" of the State of Nevada is going, and more about how many of our social workers are going to be able to return to their jobs and how this might affect relicensing and therefore the Board's income. Another consideration in July might be to further streamline our process by adding application software.

Oppenlander introduced another consideration. Late yesterday, BESW received another line of questioning directed to Title 54 Boards. This is the third substantial request for information in the past week. This latest request is from the Sunset Committee, the previous request was from the Governor's LEAP committee that is ushering forward the "Roadmap to Recover for Nevada", and the first request was from a Legislative Council Bureau analyst. The Sunset Committee just sent us a new emergency request that is a very detailed examination of BESW. The request asks our Board to provide quite a few specifics e.g. "Considering the regulatory body's operational expenses, are there any opportunities to consolidate or centralize certain functions—such as information technology, legal advice, lobbying, personnel, and payroll—that can be executed by personnel shared with other regulatory bodies at lower aggregate costs?" She wanted to make the Board aware of this newest request in relation to earlier Executive Branch Audit Committee discussions (e.g. durig last summer's Board Workshop/ Retreat) about merging the Title 54 Boards under Business and Industry. Also, to connect the dots, it's interesting to note that the preceding urgent request for information came from LEAP; and two of the six members of the Governor's LEAP committee are the current and immediate past directors of Business and Industry.

Oppenlander returned to **Erickson's** question about revising our budget if conditions improve e.g. to include Capitol Partner consulting services, we think that it would be very good if we were able to move forward with the legislation – just like we talked about during the March 2020 Board meeting.

Harris asked for clarification as there are statements about what must be done versus what is the Board's opinion on what should be done. Harris added that one of the areas that concerns her, or is the biggest flag, is that there is a possibility or the potential of being merged into a larger Board whether we like it or not. **Oppenlander** responded by saying that as the Board now has the benefit of knowing what has been happening very rapidly, she would really like to hear more about the Board's opinion about these matters.

Bhalla started off by saying that policy guidance or lobbying, is not really what his office does. So he is not really authorized to comment on what the Board should do. But, as member **Harris** has noted, there are options on the table, right? If the Legislature comes back, then the Board can decide if they want to authorize any Board member to speak on behalf of the Board at a public hearing. And the scope and parameters of that discussion would be, has to be, authorized by the Board. That authorization could be handled in an open meeting. Also, there is the other option of going along with what is provided by the Legislature. You would have the ability to give feedback which is somewhat limited without the assistance of a lobbyist.

Nielsen asked about monitoring the process. What would it look like? Would there be an opportunity for an emergency Board meeting to discuss any potential changes as things go along? It looks more like we get an update on what has been decided. I heard DAG **Bhalla** mention that there may be room for public discussion or feedback if things are headed in a direction that is concerning.

Bhalla: How the Board wants to schedule updates during this process is really up to the President and Director **Oppenlander**. If you want to have a meeting, we are in an emergency session right now. So technically, we can have meetings on an emergency basis. I do advise Boards to follow the Open Meeting Law though the normal procedures as much as possible so that we can give the public three days' notice of a meeting ahead of time. We will know that the Legislature is meeting, that they are having hearings. So, if there is an emergency that comes up, during this emergency time, then obviously the Board can engage in an emergency meeting with less than three days' notice per the Open Meeting Law. However, I would ask that the Board try to adhere to as much of the regular Open Meeting Law processes as possible. If the Board does feel that it's necessary to designate a Board member to speak on behalf of the Board at a Legislative hearing, then the Board would need to authorize that per an agenda at an open meeting. There would be discussion and approval by the Board to basically designate a Board member to speak on behalf of the Board.

Nielsen asked, "How can we say at this point, what will trigger our decision to go into any one of these later budget columns? Is that dependent upon a ruling by the Governor, the Legislature or is it our own sense of security in terms of making sure we always have money "above the line"? As **Bhalla** did not have that information at this time, he offered to connect after the meeting if we want him to connect with the Governors Finance Office to get more direction. **Oppenlander** inserted that the questionnaire coming from the Sunset Committee may be a trigger point for changing how we will operate at this time. Secondarily, regarding the other question about having money above the line; she stated that she thinks it's a good idea to have "cash on hand" or "money above the line".

Lowery said she thinks that there are two factors that would trigger an emergency Board meeting at this time. During the 2008 recession, the Governor at the time looked at sweeping any extra monies that the Title 54 Boards had. While the state did not touch monies at this Board, she doesn't know if they touched monies at other Boards. There is a possibility that the current Governor could come in and say that he wants whatever reserves we have. While the fact that we don't get any money from the general fund was the reason that Lowery believes that the majority of Boards were not impacted in 2008, this currently is a different set of circumstances and that we have to prepare for the real possibility that 14% isn't as low as we are going to be expected to go. If they go into a special session with a statement that that all state agencies must take 25% off the top, we have to be able to respond to that. Lowery thinks an emergency Board meeting would be triggered if the Governor or the Legislature came back saying you have to do more than 14%. And, if the Executive or Legislative branches say, "We are going to place your agency under Business and Industry" that would also trigger an emergency Board meeting.

Bhalla: If the Board wants to think about engaging with the Sunset Committee, then it's probably prudent to agendize the designation and discussion and approval so that the Board is prepared with the designee given that we can anticipate that this is coming up.

Oppenlander added that she is an authorized speaker on behalf of the Board and realizes that it's much more advantageous to have a Board member join her. **Bhalla**: My best advice given the context and landscape, particularly of ethics rules, really do require Board members to speak within their capacity as authorized by the Board since they're part of a public body. Agendize simple matters that authorize a Board member to attend the Sunset Committee hearing with you (the Director) and answer questions if that's how you prefer to proceed. There are options that can be on the table in light of not having a lobbyist. That is up to you and the Board members as to how you want to proceed with that. **Oppenlander** added that BESW will continue to have a lobbyist at the table with us as we have a contract in place with Capital Partners through June 30th, 2020. **Bhalla** wanted to answer member **Harris's** question about options. And these are the options on the table. So however the Board wants to proceed within those options, sounds reasonable to **Bhalla**.

Harris asked if there has there been any dialogue with the National Association of Social Workers. Oppenlander stated that we've been responding to the Legislative and Executive Branches during the past week as they pursue us for considerable information about BESW. They wanted to know if we have contact with any national associations or other groups that were calling for changes for our licensees. We responded and shared about how we work with NASW and ASWB working behind the scenes with both groups. We quoted the president of NASW who has issued a statement about the importance of social workers in a number of venues and the types of essential services that social workers offer. We also shared about our work with ASWB and how we've been part of a group looking at commonalities in North America, both in the United States and Canada, about what's going on with social workers right now during the pandemic. So, I made certain that the State of Nevada is aware of NASW – the largest association of social workers in the country: and aware of ASWB which represents every jurisdiction in North America. Also, I a response to the Governor's LEAP committee, we once again used the quote from the NASW President about what we do as social workers, why we're essential, and the kinds of things that we're doing during the pandemic, etc. So, we have given those in the government that are asking us questions, a very general awareness of NASW and ASWB. However, your question is more about, "Are we talking to NASW"? There hasn't been a lot of time for that as yet. For us it's been more of a call and response. We're getting called to give out a great deal of information and we're responding as quickly as we can. We definitely see the value in reaching out however we've primarily been scrambling to keep up with the extra workload around the pandemic. Harris asked if it would be beneficial to inform or reach out to NASW. Oppenlander shared that the current head of NASW Nevada Investigator Durante who is an occasional contract investigator for BESW. Durante is somewhat aware of what's going on at the Board at this time. So, I think we have a good doorway for communication with NASW at the moment. However, Oppenlander didn't really want to get too far into these kind of discussions with other individuals and associations as she was waiting to have this discussion with the Board first.

Erickson circled back to the budget and asked if the Board was ready to take a vote on a motion to approve the budget for fiscal year 2020-2021 with a 14% reduction.

Monique Harris motioned to approve the fiscal year 2020-2021 budget with a 14% reduction, seconded by Stefaine Maplethorpe. After a roll call vote the motion was passed unanimously.

Erickson turned to **Agenda Item 3E, Review and Discussion of Process for Nomination of Board Officers. Oppenlander** introduced this item. Last year, there were five Board members until June 30th, 2019. At that time, we had an opening that the Governor did not replace although we understand that there were applicants for the open position. This year, there are two Board members that are graduating on June 30th, 2020 (both **Maplethorpe, Nielsen**). **Oppenlander**

requested that both Board members reapply to continue on as Board members. Next, she indicated that she doesn't know what the process for the nomination of Board members is going to look like. The process to decide who is going to be the president, vice president and secretary/ treasurer will need to take place at the July 10th Board meeting.

Lowery explained that as a former Board member the expectation from the Governor historically was that you would remain on the Board until you were replaced. When she was on the Board and due to leave the Board on June 30th, she stayed on the Board until the early part of November when she was replaced. So, what happened last year when a Board member left on June 30th was atypical.

Erickson asked **Lowery** about how elections had gone in the past. **Lowery** replied that the Board operates with what you've got and would be looking for an agreement about the officer positions. **Maplethorpe** stated that she would reapply. **Nielsen** indicated that she is comfortable with agreeing to stay as long as is necessary to make sure we have the right number of people. To clarify the process for nominating, **Bhalla** described that a Board member would put forth a name for a specific position and then that would need to be seconded by another Board member and then a full vote would take place. And then so forth for each open position. Or the motion could be framed for multiple positions as well. After **Bhalla** described the general process as laid out in Robert's Rules of Order (informal guidebook for parliamentary procedure) the Board took a vote on a motion to approve the Board nomination process

Monique Harris made a motion to approve the nomination process for Board officers in which a Board member could nominate themselves or other Board member(s) and then a vote would be taken on bringing that person(s) into office. Seconded by Stephanie Maplethorpe. After a roll call vote, the motion passed unanimously.

Erickson moved on to **Agenda Item 3F, Business Impact Survey Presentation by Miranda Hoover from Capitol Partners. Hoover** reviewed the results of two impact surveys that were included in the Board packet. And then she reviewed the conclusions from the licensee impact survey and also the business licensee impact survey. **Hoover** stated that we had 750 responses and she broke those responses out into percentages. We had 85% say that their employer does not currently pay for their license renewal. 69% say their employer does not pay for their continuing education units (CEUs); 3% said their employer would pay for their LCSW or LISW exam; 16% said they aren't in a postgraduate clinical or independent internship. In conclusion, she added that we hope to find ways to incentivize students and new licensees by increasing support from providers across the state. This was an identified issue that came out of our Board retreat/ workshop last summer.

In the business licensee impact survey, **Hoover** stated that we had 38 respondents that stated 73% of businesses are not currently paying for their staff's licenses or certificates. And this includes clinics and employers that employ not just social workers but other staff as well. 71% of businesses are not paying for their social workers renewal fees. 47% of businesses are not paying for their social workers CEUs. And 61% of businesses say they do not look out of state for qualified social work candidates. And as previously discussed, to increase collaboration, the Board may want to continue to work with the schools of social work and employers of social workers to identify a plan that would incentivize students and new licensees.

Hoover was very impressed by the number of responses we have and hopes this helps to increase the collaboration that we will have with these employers and licensees. As part of our communication strategy is improve our relationship with licensees and potential licensees by reaching out more frequently, she thinks that these were very successful surveys.

Harris thanked Hoover for the reporting update. Harris also asked for clarification about the two things that we had wanted to incentivize. Hoover replied that those two items are to have employers either help to pay or fully cover costs of license renewals and also to help pay for CEUs. Harris asked, "If we would do what, what are we trying to accomplish in making that a goal"? Hoover answered, "We are looking to incentivize social workers and potential social workers to increase the number of licensees that we have in the state; also to hopefully retain our current social workers". She went on to state that it's always an incentive from at least the employer's perspective to be able retain their employees if they're able to offer any of those types of benefits. Harris asked if we looked at the number of the respondents that are employees versus contracted employees because she wondered if we are comparing apples to apples. From her understanding, some of the larger mental health clinics (not inpatient) hire independent contractors. Hoover agreed and added that we did ask the licensees about their primary employer and that guided the person filling out the survey towards responses about employees benefits, etc. In this analysis about specific incentives that are provided, we had 20 licensees skip that question. Hoover's assumption was that their primary employer hired them as a contractor which is why they did not respond to this question. Oppenlander thanked Hoover and Lowery for working collegially to put the survey questions together. These surveys have created a good baseline of understanding for those involved in

hiring employees in a competitive market as well as those social workers that are looking for work. Employers trying to attract social workers may have not known that paying for a license would make them more competitive. **Maplethorpe** added that employers that have offered this are going to continue even during the pandemic. They are not going to cut any of that out. This information is great for some of the new people as well as for some of the interns. She has one individual that just got her temporary license. For an incentive, we will continue to pay for the license renewal and even will pay for the test once the test becomes available for her LSW.

Next, **Erickson** moved to **Agenda Item 3G**, **Review and Discussion of BESW "Safe and Healthy Workplace Policy" Updates**. **Oppenlander** provided an overview of this item. In response to questions that came to the Board from the Governor's LEAP planning committee, she realized that we were in phase zero of the Nevada United Roadmap to Recovery (Roadmap). So, we added an additional page to our Safe and Healthy Workplace Policy that was developed and approved by the Board in January 2020. We amended the policy utilizing CDC and OSHA recommendations as well as a series of Emergency Directives that have been issued by the Governor to add a pandemic section to our policy on page six that outlines additional safety and health precautions that we are taking. Last week, the Roadmap was issued and tomorrow Phase One will go into effect on May 9th at 12:01 AM. We plan to revise page six as the State announces its progress through the phases of the Roadmap.

She proceeded to give everyone a sense of steps being taken. Right now, everyone works from home some of the time. By staggering the shifts, some of our staff members are working in the office Monday through Thursday during 10 hour work days that permit us to provide coverage while following social distancing guidelines. We have a little overlap when somebody's leaving and someone's coming in, but they are very mindful of social distancing and disinfecting and all those things that one must do. As we move into the next phase – Phase One tonight at midnight, all state and county government offices will remain closed through May 30th, 2020. Also, of the six people that work for the Board, two are viewed by the state as vulnerable employees and are not in the office until after May 30th.

We have examined the office configuration. It's only 1,250 square feet which would be enough for us theoretically but it actually isn't because of all the nooks and crannies. The floor plan makes it hard social distance successfully. We are discussing adding a mail slot to the door, adding partitions (aka sneeze guards) that are made of Plexiglas. **Lowery** is in the midst of reorganizing the furniture to create additional spacing between employees; we would change the staff entry to the back door and let the public use the front door as an entrance. We will move out copy machine into a different location, get rid of our break room to further change our traffic flow. We will also use face masks and currently understand that they are required in state offices at this time. In terms of making these things happen between now and the next time we have a Board meeting, I'd like to ask for a budget that will give us the ability to make this happen. I would like approval to spend up to \$5,000 to make modifications that we will need to open our business back up as the Governor rolls the Roadmap to Recovery in its different phases.

Erickson asked for clarification about staffing plans. **Oppenlander** stated that we intend to continue with flexible scheduling. We may keep fewer people in the office at any given time by using shifts to accomplish our workload while being mindful of restrictions and safety. The entire staff team has been involved and understands what the situation is. And we plan to maintain social distancing and face masks and all those things that we must do to make this work. It's also important to remain mindful that our customer base, in part are social workers who are in various kinds of work situations and that they are face-to-face with patients in the hospitals, they are face-to-face with clients in their homes, and so forth. So we come into close proximity to those who have COVID-19. So, it isn't just about what we do among the six of us, it's about what we do and how we interact with the public. And so as we start to reopen, we're trying to set ourselves up to remain safe. And that's where the sneeze guard or safety partitions up that the front will come into play. And this is where some of the costs will be incurred to partition safely.

Lowery described the corridor that goes from the front door straight back to the back door; however, it's not a wide open space and it's not completely six feet for social distancing. So she had just finished was to switch the desks around by 90 degrees and move one of the file cabinets that's in the main office area out of the way.

Erickson thanked the staff for figuring out what to do as this is new territory and this makes it hard to know what to do.

Nielsen said, "What comes to my mind is the likelihood that we will be staying in that office for a certain period of time. If we are talking about adapting the office and expending as much as \$5,000, we wouldn't want to do that if in January we would merge with another Board. Do we have any kind of visibility into that issue"?

Oppenlander responded by layering on another level of concern before answering **Nielsen's** question. What concerns her is that the Board has an expiring lease contract with its landlord. And if all things were normal, we would have started negotiating with the landlord for another five year period starting back in April. That way, we could get the new contract

ready by August when the lease expires. So to attempt to answer the question, that's why we've been looking at movable Plexiglas partitions. We imagine that if the potential scenario of a merger becomes a reality, then the partitions would go to the State of Nevada. So, the short answer is that the partitions that we're looking at are not going to be installed as permanent fixtures. And **Lowery** added that since we don't get any money from the general fund, the State of Nevada is not likely to come up with any money to help us out.

Erickson asked for a motion to approve the update to the Safe and Healthy Workplace Policy as well as up to \$5,000 to augment the office as needed to align with the safe and healthy workplace policy plan.

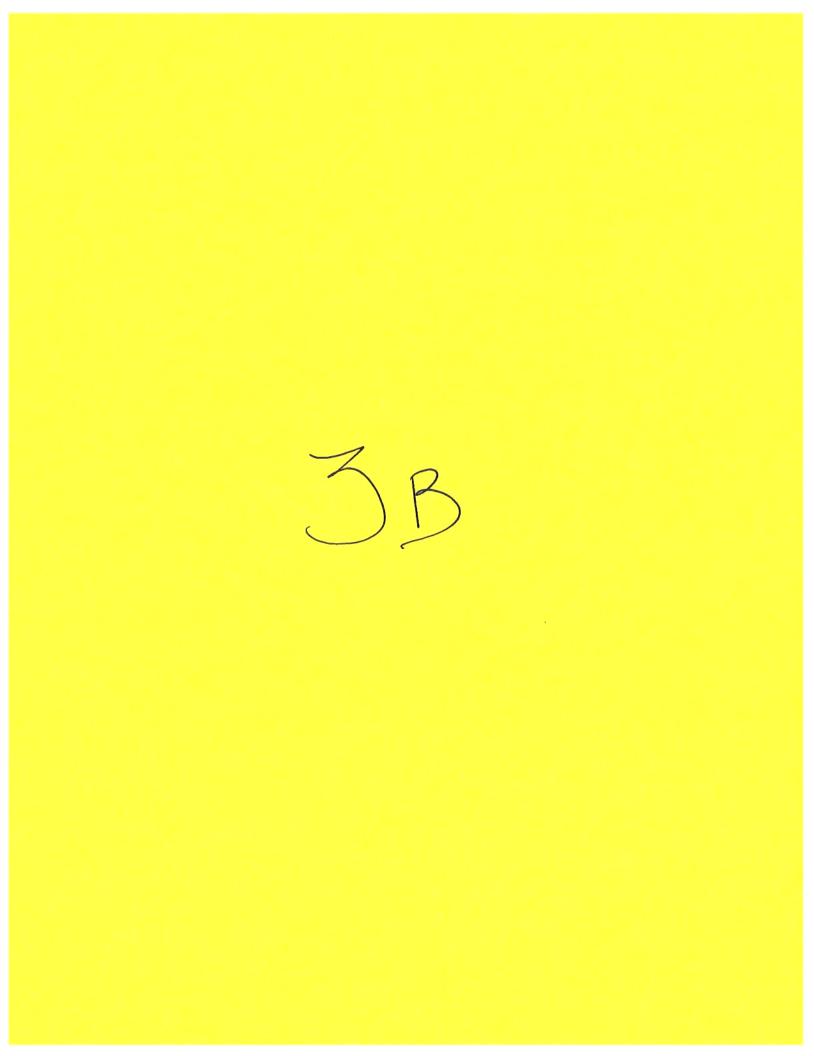
Stefaine Maplethorpe made a motion to approve the Safe and Healthy Workplace Policy with Updates as well as to approve expenditures of up to \$5000 to augment the office in order to safely phase staff back into the office secondary to COVID-19. The motion was seconded by Susan Nielsen. After a roll call vote the motion was passed unanimously.

Erickson turned to **Agenda Item 3H Executive Director's Report**. **Oppenlander** reviewed the future agenda items that were discussed to include: revisiting the budget at our July Board meeting, next phase updates to the safe and healthy workplace policy, to agendize a Board member designee to attend upcoming Sunset Committee or interim sessions along with the Executive Director; the nomination for Board officers. Also, we may have further information on contracts e.g. our lease and if things change to the positive -- another contract with Capital Partners. Our next Board meeting is **Erickson** asked for **Public Comment in Agenda Item 4**. As no one else had joined the meeting, there was no public comment. Last, **Erickson** asked for a motion for **Agenda Item 5**, **Adjournment**.

Stefaine Maplethorpe made a motion to adjourn, seconded by Susan Nielsen. After a roll call vote the motion passed unanimously.

The meeting adjourned at 11:17 a.m.

Minutes Respectfully Submitted by Karen Oppenlander.



May	Annual Budget FY 19/20	Montly Budget - May	Monthly Actual - May	Monthly Variance Dollars	Monthly Variance Percent	Annual Year to Date	Annual Variance Dollar	Annual Variance Percent
Fund Balance	<mark>\$ 91,709.88</mark>					92%	ţ	
INCOME								
40000 · RENEWAL FEES	348,602.25	29,050.18	36,175.00	-7,124.82	125%	339,705.00	-8,897.25	97%
41000 · APPLICATION FEE	25,750.00	2,145.84	3,240.00	-1,094.16	151%	25,205.00	-545.00	98%
42000 · INITIAL LICENSE FEE	58,645.00	4,887.08	7,537.50	-2,650.42	154%	53,847.50	-4,797.50	92%
43000 · ENDORSEMENT FEE	14,025.00	1,168.75	1,785.00	-616.25	153%	13,757.50	-267.50	98%
44000 · PROVISIONAL LICENSE FEES	2,000.00	166.67	280.50	-113.83	168%	801.75	-1,198.25	40%
45000 · RENEWAL LATE FEE	2,000.00	200.00	0.00	200.00	%0	1,000.00	-1,000.00	50%
46000 · RESTORATION OF LICENSE	00.0	0.00	200.00	-200.00	%0	1,200.00	1,200.00	%0
47000 · DISCIPLINARY COSTS	4,000.00	333.34	250.00	83.34	75%	5,100.00	1,100.00	128%
48000 · MISCELLANEOUS	10,000.00	833.33	105.00	728.33	13%	8,623.00	-1,377.00	86%
49000 · INTEREST	10.50	0.88	0.00	0.88	%0	00.0	-10.50	%0
Total Income	\$ 465,032.75	\$ 38,786.07	\$ 49,573.00	\$ (10,786.93)	128%	\$ 449,239.75	\$ (15,793.00)	97%
Sub-Account Total	\$ 556,742.63					\$ 540,949.63		
EXPENSES								
50050 · Wages	230,731.00	19,227.58	16,028.80	3,198.78	83%	202,720.08	-28,010.92	88%
50102 · Group Health Insurance	35,664.00	2,972.00	3,043.16	-71.16	102%	33,710.54	-1,953.46	95%
50103 · Ins Regis	3,500.00	291.66	437.54	-145.88	150%	5,466.47	1,966.47	156%
50104 · Medicare	3,346.00	278.83	276.78	2.05	%66	2,879.29	-466.71	86%
50105 · PERS-Employer paid	30,025.00	2,502.08	00.0	2,502.08	%0	28,094.29	-1,930.71	94%
50106 · Unemployment Ins.	1,850.00	154.17	280.07	-125.90	182%	2,093.36	243.36	113%
50300 · Workman's Comp.	4,000.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	%0	2,286.00	-1,714.00	57%
Sub Account Total	\$ 309,116.00	\$ 25,426.32	\$ 20,066.35	\$ 5,359.97	20%	\$ 277,250.03	-31,865.97	30%
61050 · Contract-Labor	15,000.00	1,250.00	157.50	1,092.50	13%	14,011.57	-988.43	93%
61100 · Contract-Auditor	10,000.00	833.34	00.0	833.34	%0	5,075.00	-4,925.00	51%
61150 · Contract-Legal	32,500.00	2,708.33	1,273.47	1,434.86	47%	14,432.66	-18,067.34	44%
61200 · Contract-Lobbyist	18,000.00	1,500.00	0.00	1,500.00	%0	16,500.00	-1,500.00	92%
61250 · Contract-Payroll Service	1,500.00	125.00	00.0	125.00	%0	1,045.00	-455.00	70%
61300 · Court Reporting	4,500.00	375.00	0.00	375.00	%0	1,699.00	-2,801.00	38%
61350 · Investigations	0.00	0.00	00.0	00.00	%0	0.00	0.00	%0
61400 · LCB	1,500.00	125.00	0.00	125.00	%0	0.00	-1,500.00	%0

Cuboo Constant G,500.00 G10.00 G10.00 <thc10.00< th=""> <thclo< th=""> G10.00<th>May</th><th>Annual Budget FY 19/20</th><th>Montly Budget - May</th><th>Monthly Actual - May</th><th>Monthly Variance Dollars</th><th>Monthly Variance Percent</th><th>Annual Year to Date</th><th>Annual Variance Dollar</th><th>Annual Variance Percent</th></thclo<></thc10.00<>	May	Annual Budget FY 19/20	Montly Budget - May	Monthly Actual - May	Monthly Variance Dollars	Monthly Variance Percent	Annual Year to Date	Annual Variance Dollar	Annual Variance Percent
4 3,00000 491.32 241.32 197% 5,934,64 2,934,64 2,934,64 4 1,00000 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 mett 1,00000 1,700,00 0.00 1,700,00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.000	62000 · Operating Costs	6,520.00	543.33	506.41	36.92	93%			93%
d 000	62050 · Printing	3,000.00	250.00	491.32	-241.32	197%			198%
d 1,20000 000 000 000 70000 7900 7	62100 · Copying	0.00	0.00	0.00	00.0	%0			%0
meth 20,400.00 1,700.00 0.00 1,700.00 0.00 1,700	62150 · TORT Claim Fund	1,200.00	0.00	00.0	00.0	%0			67%
neut 650.00 60.01 50.01 <th< td=""><td>62200 · Rent</td><td>20,400.00</td><td>1,700.00</td><td>0.00</td><td>1,700.00</td><td>%0</td><td></td><td></td><td>91%</td></th<>	62200 · Rent	20,400.00	1,700.00	0.00	1,700.00	%0			91%
480.00 40.00 50.00 <	62250 · B and G Assessment	650.00	00.0	50.91	-50.91	%0			23%
5,500.00 458.34 165.04 273.30 $40%$ $7.286.31$ $1.786.31$ $420%$ 2177.87 427.87 427.87 $420%$ 2006.5 $1.786.31$ $420%$ 2006.5 2177.87 427.87 427.87 $420%$ 2006.5 2177.87 427.87 427.87 229.45 259.45 259.45 259.45 259.45 259.45 259.45 259.45 259.45 259.45 250.600 0.000 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.000	62300 · Records Storage	480.00	40.00	50.00	-10.00	125%			143%
Image: field in the set of the s	62350 · Postage	5,500.00	458.34	185.04	273.30	40%		1,786.31	132%
Interpret 10000 166.67 138.33 28.34 83% 3105.831 1058.31 Interpret 9,100.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.000	62400 · Telephone	1,750.00	145.83	656.31	-510.48	450%		427.87	124%
(a) (b) (c) (c) <td>62450 · Internet</td> <td>2,000.00</td> <td>166.67</td> <td>138.33</td> <td>28.34</td> <td>83%</td> <td></td> <td>1,058.31</td> <td>153%</td>	62450 · Internet	2,000.00	166.67	138.33	28.34	83%		1,058.31	153%
(a) (a) <td>62500 · Computer Software</td> <td>9,100.00</td> <td>00.0</td> <td>0.00</td> <td>00.0</td> <td>%0</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>103%</td>	62500 · Computer Software	9,100.00	00.0	0.00	00.0	%0			103%
initial (a) 0.00	62550 · Transcription	0.00	00.0	33.50	-33.50	%0			%0
s (ASWB) 250.00 0.00	63050 · Dues & Registration	0.00	00.0	00.0	00.0	%0			%0
120.00 120.00 120.00 120.00 120.00 120.00 125.00<	63100 · Professional Dues (ASWB)	250.00	0.00	0.00	00.0	%0			100%
essing 1,500.00 125.00 583.34 412.35 412.35 430% 5,725.16 4,225.16 3 800.00 66.67 000 583.34 00% 508.39 -291.61 6 1 (1,158.33 00.00 0,00 0,00 0,00 0,00 0,00 0,00	64050 · Bank Charges	120.00	10.00	00.0	10.00	%0			37%
800.00 66.67 0.00 66.67 0.00 583.34 0.00 583.34 0.291.61 4.189.33 4 el 7,000.00 583.34 0.00 583.34 0.00 583.34 0.00 0.0	64100 · Credit Card Processing	1,500.00	125.00	537.35	-412.35	430%			382%
el 7,000.00 583.34 0.00 583.34 0.00 583.34 0.00 -4,189.33 -4,189.33 -4,189.33 -4,189.33 -4,189.33 -4,189.33 -4,189.33 -4,189.33 -4,189.33 -0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 -5,508.39 2,506.64) 28,000 -5,508.39 23,000 -5,508.39 23,000 25,000 25,000 25,000 25,000 25,000 25,000 25,000 25,000 25,000 25,000 25,000 25,000 25,000 25,000 25,000 25,000 24,000 25,000 25,000 25,000 25,000 24,000 24,000	65000 · Host Fund	800.00	66.67	0.00	66.67	%0			64%
el 0.00 0	66050 · In State Travel	7,000.00	583.34	00.0	583.34	%0			40%
0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 1,891.67 </td <td>66100 · Out of State Travel</td> <td>0.00</td> <td>0.00</td> <td>0.00</td> <td>0.00</td> <td>%0</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>%0</td>	66100 · Out of State Travel	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	%0			%0
0.000 0.000 1,891.67 -1,891.67 1,891.67 1,891.67 1,891.67 1,891.67 1,891.67 1,891.67 1,891.67 1,891.67 1,891.67 1,891.67 1,891.67 1,891.67 1,891.67 1,891.67 1,891.67 1,891.67 1,891.67 1,891.67 5,508.39 5 5,508.39 7,491.61 5,508.39 7 8 (30,66.64) 8 1,300.00 1,195.57 8 5,971.81 8 6,192.37 49% 8 126,209.36 8 7,491.61 5,508.39 8 7,30,666.64 8 9 9 9 1 5 465,386.00 5 3 25,038.16 5 25,533.8 5 (29,665.64) 8 7 8 7 8 7 8 7 9 10	67000 · Training	00.00	0.00	00.00	00.00	%0			%0
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\$ 156,270.00 \$ 12,164.18 \$ 5,971.81 \$ 6,192.37 49% \$ 126,209.36 \$ (30,060.64) \$ 465,336.00 \$ 37,590.50 \$ 37,590.50 \$ 25,038.16 \$ 11,555.34 \$ 403,459.39 \$ (29,605.64) \$ 465,336.00 \$ 37,590.50 \$ 25,534.84 \$ 11,555.34 \$ 6,192.37 \$ 5,26,033 \$ (29,605.64) \$ 403,459.35 \$ 1,195.57 \$ 23,534.84 \$ 11,555.34 \$ 6,192.36 \$ 137,490.24 \$ noome and Expenses with prior year Fund Balance \$ 1,195.56 \$ 23,534.84 \$ 1137,490.24 \$ 137,490.24 \$ noome and Expenses with prior year Fund Balance \$ 1137,490.24 \$ 137,490.24 \$ 105,116.39 \$ noome and expenses with prior year Fund Balance \$ 1105,116.39 \$ 105,116.39 \$ 25,46.47 \$ noome and expenses with prior year Fund Balance \$ 105,116.39 \$ 25,427.38 \$ 105,116.39 \$ noome and expenses with prior year Fund Balance \$ 105,116.39 \$ 25,427.38 \$ 105,116.39 \$ noome and expenses with prior year Fund Balance \$ 105,116.39 \$ 105,116.39 \$ 105,116.39 \$ noome and expenses with prior year Fund Balance \$ 105,116.39 \$ 105,116.39 \$ 105,116.39 \$ 105,116.39 \$	68100 · Computers	13,000.00	1,158.33	00.0	1,158.33	%0	7,491.61	-5,508.39	58%
\$ 465,386.00 \$ 37,590.50 \$ 26,038.16 \$ 11,552.34 69% \$ 403,459.39 \$ (29,605.64) -353.25 1,195.57 23,534.84 7 45,780.36 \$ (29,605.64) -353.25 1,195.57 23,534.84 7 45,780.36 \$ (29,605.64) -353.25 1,195.57 23,534.84 7 7 7 000me and Expenses with out Fund Balance 1137,490.24 137,490.24 1 ncome and expenses with prior year Fund Balance 1 1 1 1 ncome and expenses with prior year Fund Balance 1 1 1 1 1 ncome and expenses with prior year Fund Balance 1 <td>Sub Account Total</td> <td></td> <td>12,</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>49%</td> <td>63</td> <td></td> <td>81%</td>	Sub Account Total		12,			49%	63		81%
-353.25 1,195.57 23,534.84 01,356.63 01,356.63 ncome and Expenses without Fund Balance ncome and expenses with prior year Fund Balance	Total Expenses		37,		11,552.	69%	Sec. 1		87%
91,356.63 91,356.63 ncome and Expenses without Fund Balance ncome and expenses with prior year Fund Balance	Net Position *	-353.25	1,195.57	23,534.84			45,780.36		
Income and Expenses without Fund Balance Income and expenses with prior year Fund Balance	Net Position - Adjusted **	91,356.63					137,490.24		
Income and expenses with prior year Fund Balance		ses without Fund Balance							
		ses with prior year Fund Baland	ě						
	CASH BALANCES								
	Checking						105,116.39		
	Savings CD						5,246.47		

SCi

		Budget 2020/2021
		4% + 6% + 4% reduction
Incon		
C	ash Reserves	<u>\$</u>
	0000 · RENEWAL FEES	434,407.5
	1000 · APPLICATION FEE	23,736.0
	2000 · INITIAL LICENSE FEE	59,340.0
	3000 · ENDORSEMENT FEE	10,750.0
	4000 · PROVISIONAL LICENSE FEES	
	5000 · RENEWAL LATE FEE	2,200.0
	6000 · RESTORATION OF LICENSE	0.0
	7000 · DISCIPLINARY COSTS	
4	8000 · MISCELLANEOUS	0.0
	48050 · Copies	0.0
	48100 · Lists-Labels	0.0
	48150 · Returned Check Fee	0.0
	48200 · Wallet Card / Wall Certificate	0.0
	48250 · Workshop Fee	0.0
	48000 · MISCELLANEOUS - Other	0.0
	otal 48000 · MISCELLANEOUS	8,600.0
4	9000 · INTEREST	9.0
Total	Income	\$ 543,167.50
TUtai		
		<u>\$ 543,167.50</u>
Expe		
	Total 50050 · Wages	
	50100 · Employer Payroll Expenses	
	50102 · Group Health Insurance	37,600.0
	50103 · Ins Regis	6,433.0
	50104 · Medicare	
	50105 · PERS-Employer paid	51,033.00
		2 925 0
	50106 · Unemployment Ins.	
	50100 · Employer Payroll Expense	es - Other
	50100 · Employer Payroll Expense Total 50100 · Employer Payroll Expense	es - Other se: 82,197.0 0
	50100 · Employer Payroll Expense Total 50100 · Employer Payroll Expense 50300 · Workman's Comp.	es - Other se: 82,197.0 (2,750.0)
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	50100 · Employer Payroll Expense Total 50100 · Employer Payroll Expense 50300 · Workman's Comp. otal 50000 · Payroll 1000 · Contract Services 61050 · Contract-Labor	es - Other se: 82,197.00 2,750.00 \$ 312,112.00 0.00
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	50100 · Employer Payroll Expense Total 50100 · Employer Payroll Expense 50300 · Workman's Comp. otal 50000 · Payroll 1000 · Contract Services 61050 · Contract-Labor 61100 · Contract-Auditor 61150 · Contract-Legal	es - Other se: 82,197.00 2,750.00 \$ 312,112.00 0.00 6,000.00 34,400.00
	50100 · Employer Payroll Expense Total 50100 · Employer Payroll Expense 50300 · Workman's Comp. otal 50000 · Payroll 1000 · Contract Services 61050 · Contract-Labor 61100 · Contract-Auditor 61150 · Contract-Legal 61200 · Contract-Legislative Consultation	es - Other se: 82,197.00 2,750.00 \$ 312,112.00 0.00 6,000.00 34,400.00 0.00
	50100 · Employer Payroll Expense Total 50100 · Employer Payroll Expense 50300 · Workman's Comp. otal 50000 · Payroll 1000 · Contract Services 61050 · Contract-Labor 61100 · Contract-Auditor 61150 · Contract-Legal 61200 · Contract-Legislative Consultar 61250 · Contract-Payroll Service	es - Other se: 82,197.00 2,750.0 \$ 312,112.00 0.0 6,000.0 34,400.0 0.0 1,500.0
	50100 · Employer Payroll Expense Total 50100 · Employer Payroll Expense 50300 · Workman's Comp. otal 50000 · Payroll 1000 · Contract Services 61050 · Contract-Labor 61100 · Contract-Legal 61200 · Contract-Legislative Consultat 61250 · Contract-Payroll Service 61300 · Court Reporting	se: 82,197.00 2,750.00 \$ 312,112.00 (0.00 6,000.00 34,400.00 1,500.00 4,500.00
	50100 · Employer Payroll Expense Total 50100 · Employer Payroll Expense 50300 · Workman's Comp. otal 50000 · Payroll 1000 · Contract Services 61050 · Contract-Labor 61100 · Contract-Auditor 61150 · Contract-Legal 61200 · Contract-Legislative Consultar 61250 · Contract-Payroll Service 61300 · Court Reporting 61350 · Investigations	es - Other se: 82,197.00 2,750.00 \$ 312,112.00 (0.00 (0.00 (0.00) (0.0) (0.00)
	50100 · Employer Payroll Expense Total 50100 · Employer Payroll Expense 50300 · Workman's Comp. otal 50000 · Payroll 1000 · Contract Services 61050 · Contract-Labor 61100 · Contract-Legal 61200 · Contract-Legislative Consultat 61250 · Contract-Payroll Service 61300 · Court Reporting	es - Other se: 82,197.00 2,750.00 \$ 312,112.00 0.00 6,000.00 34,400.00 1,500.00

	Budget 2020/2021
	4% + 6% + 4% reduction
Income	470 1 070 1 470 Ieuueuo
62000 · Operating Costs	
62050 · Printing	4,750.
62100 · Copying	
62150 · TORT Claim Fund	850.
62200 · Rent	21,350.
62250 · B and G Assessment	500.
62300 · Records Storage	600.
62350 · Postage	5,550.
62400 · Telephone	1,750.
62450 · Internet	3,000.
62500 · Computer Software	11,000.
62550 · Transcription	
62000 · Operating Costs - Other	6,450.
Total 62000 · Operating Costs	\$ 55,800.0
63000 · Professional Dues	
63050 · Dues & Registration	
63100 · Professional Dues (ASWB)	250.
63000 · Professional Dues - Other	
Total 63000 · Professional Dues	\$ 250.0
64050 · Bank Charges	150.0
64100 · Credit Card Processing	7,000.
65000 · Host Fund	400.
66000 · Travel	
66050 · In State Travel	5,000.
66100 · Out of State Travel	
66000 · Travel - Other	
Total 66000 · Travel	\$ 5,000.0
67000 · Training	
68000 · Office Equipment	
68050 · Furniture	
68100 · Computers	1,000.
68000 · Office Equipment - Other	1,000.
Total 68000 · Office Equipment	\$ 1,000.0
Total Expense	<u>\$ 435,112.00</u>
Not Income	\$ 108,055.50
Net Income Net Income	<u>\$ 108,055.50</u>



Are Social Workers the Answer?

Naomi Schaefer Riley

A bolish the Police," protesters chant. What does that mean? One widely tweeted answer: most every role in our community olice officer fills would be better ndled by a social worker." Yet coner an area in which social workalready tend to be the ones who 'orce the law. Child-protection incles routinely send social workto respond to reports of abuse or glect.

These workers have little or no ining in investigation. Their studinclude a lot of information about ial sensitivity and cultural compecy, and they may be qualified to escalate a dispute, but they aren't ined to ask the questions that ght reveal if a child is at continurisk. Often they will question a ld while the alleged abuser is esent.

Nor are social workers trained to tect themselves in dangerous sitions. The Chicago Tribune found t, between 2013 and 2017, at least ozen employees of Illinois's Detment of Children and Family vices workers were seriously eatened or attacked on the job.

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Some departments avoid problems by sending workers out in pairs. One former agency head told me she let her workers carry mace. That's counterproductive if the point of replacing police with social workers is to avoid the use of force.

Social workers have a high turnover rate—about 30% a year nationwide and as high as 65% in some agencies, according to a report by Casey Family Programs. That means the workforce tends to be young and inexperienced. "For those workers who remain on the job," Penn State sociologist Sarah Font writes, "burnout manifests in the workplace as work avoidance, apathy toward the well-being of clients, and feelings of cynicism and futility."

And racial disparities are an issue in child welfare as with police. Agencies are often accused of racism because social workers remove a disproportionate number of minority children from their homes. (There are reasons for these disparities besides racism, like a larger percentage of black homes with unrelated men, but social workers are no more likely than police to address this issue.) In a practice activists call "Jane Crow," social workers subject black mothers to low-level surveillance—some callit harassment.

Social workers aren't subject to some of the checks that police officers are when it comes to getting involved in the lives of these poor and minority families. They aren't taught about the rights of the accused and the rules of evidence. As lawyer Diane Redleaf chronicles in her 2018 book, "They Took the Kids Last Night," in some cases social workers will continue to monitor parents or keep their children away even when police think no evidence supports a claim of abuse. Ms. Redleaf documents how social workers sometimes keep parents in an extralegal limbo, requiring them to take parenting classes or jump through other hoops, and then threaten to take legal action if they don't.

If the activists in the streets and their leaders are interested in getting the authorities to stop harassing people for minor missteps, turning things over to the social workers wouldn't seem to be a recipe for success.

Ms. Riley is a resident fellow at the American Enterprise Institute and a senior fellow at the Independent Women's Forum.

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Social Workers Cooperate With Police Forces

The National Association of Social Workers (NASW) and many of our 110,000 members are deeply disappointed with Naomi Schaefer Riley's "Are Social Workers the Answer?" (op-ed, June 9).

The author responds to calls to defund police departments and tap social workers to fill some roles currently served by police following the tragic death of George Floyd at the hands of law enforcement. The op-ed criticizes professional social workers and uses the stereotype that social workers are ineffective in child-protection agencies to discredit the many skills and contributions of the social work profession.

Social workers already work alongside and in partnership with police departments across the nation. Strengthening social-worker and police partnerships can be an effective strategy in addressing behavioral health, mental health, substance use, homelessness, family disputes and other

similar calls to 911 emergency-response lines.

In fact, social workers are playing an increasingly integral role in police forces, helping officers do their jobs more effectively and humanely and become better attuned to cultural and racial biases. And studies show social workers help police excel in fulfilling their mission to protect and serve. Protests are happening across the nation and around the world.

Protesters are demanding police treat people who are black more fairly and end this pandemic of unarmed black people dying while in police custody. We at NASW know social workers will play a vital role in helping law enforcement better serve their communities; the social work profession can help our nation achieve better public-safety outcomes.

> ANGELO MCCLAIN, PH.D., LICSW CEO, NASW Washington